

Introduction

The 2014 Ebola outbreak was one of the worst in the recent past to affect people particularly within West Africa and other parts of the globe. The World Health Organization, responsible for overseeing global reaction to a crisis, received negative feedback over the response to the health crisis. This case solution analyzes the problems and best practices of this period, which is crucial to the company's development.

Background of the Outbreak

The first reported case of Ebola was in Guinea in December 2013; the disease soon reached Liberia and Sierra Leone. It affected thousands of people and overburdens the healthcare systems that are lacking enough capacities due to poverty. As the situation expanded, the globe sought leadership and assistance from the WHO.

Lessons learned

The recent 2014 Ebola outbreak revealed some important aspects in governing global health as analyzed below. It highlighted the need for enhanced health care services that are competent enough to monitor and predict catastrophic diseases in the future. The WHO has since pledged to review and revolutionize its emergency commensurate response process and involves the member states and other international body.

Conclusion

The West Africa 2014 Ebola outbreak shows that complacency was very dangerous for health care systems around the globe. Nonetheless, the WHO encountered a range of difficulties in the course of the crisis, which established the basis for enhancing the success of managing subsequent health crises. Consequently, stakeholders can move closer to designing a more stable global health framework using these insights.

RESOURCE

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